

Basic information

Average Density: 3.3 g/cm³

Radius: ~1700 km

Distance from Earth (avg): ~384,000 km

Orbital Period: 27.3 days

Rotation Period: 27.3 days

Albedo: 0.11 (like asphalt)

Tilt of orbital plane (relative to *ecliptic*): ~5°



Highlands

- varying shades of grey in colour: anorthosite
- heavily cratered; 4.0-4.5 Gy old
- "Genesis Rock", Apollo 15
- mountainous regions (83% of entire surface)



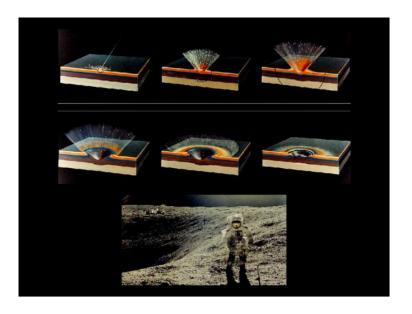


Craters ("Cup")

- *impacts* from high-speed objects 10-70 km/s
- *circular*; $micro \Rightarrow kms$ in diameter



• raised, circular rim; may have central peak



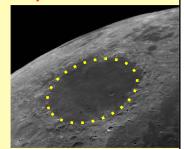
Ejecta & Rays

- *debris* from impact
- rays: radiating streaks from craters

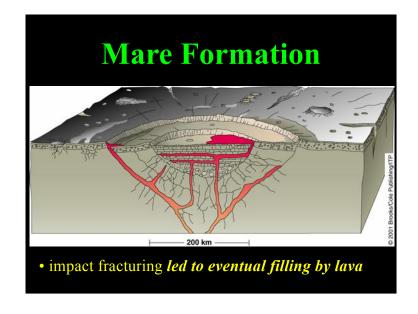


Maria ("Seas")

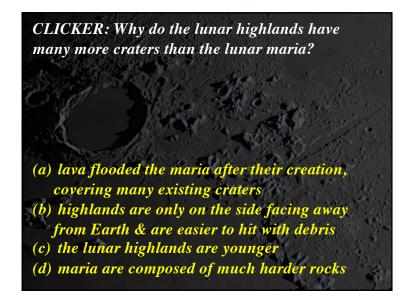
- huge *impact craters* (1000+ km diameter)
- 2 5 km *below* average lunar surface
- smooth (few craters); 3.1-3.8 Gy old
- filled with lunar basalt
- cover 17% of surface
- only on nearside!
- singular: Mare
- once believed to be seas



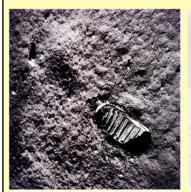


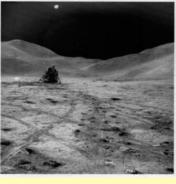


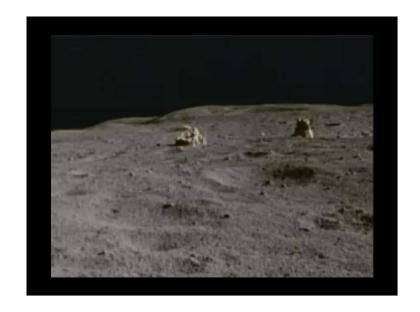




- regolith (blanket of stone) covers the highlands
- crushed rock up to 20 meters thick
- contains *no organic material* like soil on Earth







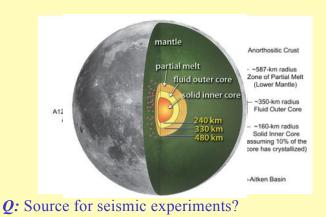


Interior Structure

- based on *seismic experiments* left by
 Apollo astronauts
- crust thickness: 60 km (nearside) & 100 km (farside)
- layering similar to Earth
- proportions are different



Interior Structure



Crashing Ranger 9

Formation of the Moon

- (1) Fission Theory
- rapidly spinning Earth has outer portion tear off
- excessive spin rate, lack of water
- (2) Co-Creation Theory
- **Q:** How should Earth & Moon density compare?
- if same stuff, should have same density
- density of Moon: 3.3 g/cm³
 density of Earth: 5.5 g/cm³

- **Q:** If lower density, how did Moon form?
- (3) Capture Theory
- Earth too small, Moon moving too fast for capture
- (4) Collision-Ejection Theory
- protoplanet (Thea); size of Mars
- struck Earth after differentiation



• surface material ripped off to form Moon



