## Astronomy 112

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## Course Info

- read course outline: http://wordpress.viu.ca/arkosg


## Notes, Labs, Quizzes

- (incomplete) notes posted online
- labs start next week (bi-weekly)
- on the website; fill-in format; NO lates
- NO deferred quizzes (best 5 of 6 )
- there is NO "make-up" work, extra work, etc.


## Observing Project

- includes outdoor observations, independent work
- detailed guidelines \& due date on website


## ASTR 112

## Introductory Astronomy:

 Stars \& Galaxies
## Doing well

- come to class \& participate
- don't leave observing project to the last minute
- study, see me when you have Q's!


## Course Overview

- Introduction
- Navigating the Sky
- Light, Atoms, Spectra
- Telescopes
- Sun
- Stars
- Galaxies


## Scientific Notation \& Metric Prefixes

- sci notation is a number times a power of ten (10)
(eg) $2.5 \times 10^{4}=25,000,6.32 \times 10^{-2}=0.0632$
giga (G) - one billion
mega (M) - one million
kilo (k) - one thousand micro ( $\mu$ ) - one millionth nano ( n ) - one billionth


## Astronomical Distances

- astronomical unit $(\boldsymbol{A U}) \sim 1.5 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~km}$
- average distance between centers of Earth \& Sun
- light year (ly) $\sim 10^{13} \mathrm{~km}$ (ten trillion km )
- distance light travels in one year (in a vacuum)
- parsec $(p \boldsymbol{p})=3.26 \mathrm{ly}$


## Angular Measurement

- there are 360 degrees $\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ in a circle
- 1 degree is divided into $\mathbf{6 0}$ arcminutes (arcmin or ')
- 1 arcmin is divided into 60 arcseconds (arcsec or ''


## Science

- astronomy is a science
- science relies on the scientific method:
- predict (hypothesis or model)
- observe (or experiment)
- accept, modify or reject
- iff ideas pass enough testing $\rightarrow$ Law or Theory

Q: Can we ever prove that an idea is $100 \%$ correct?






- 100 billion galaxies in the (observable) universe

- number of stars in the universe... exceeds all the grains of sand on all the beaches on the Earth

